## **Recovery Curriculum NC Objectives Planning**

Some objectives are built upon each year and teachers will look back at the previous years objectives in their class to build upon children existing knowledge.

In some cases an objective is Year group specific and only covered during a particular topic in a particular year. Below are these specific objectives which have been missed in the Summer Term of 2020 and need to be taught as part of the recovery curriculum in the academic year 2020-21.

	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
RE			Reconciliation Holy Communion		Working with BMCC to prepare last years Year 6 for Confirmation.
English	NTS Tests to identify gaps to be addressed in planning	NTS Tests to identify gaps to be addressed in planning	NTS Tests to identify gaps to be addressed in planning	NTS Tests to identify gaps to be addressed in planning	NTS Tests to identify gaps to be addressed in planning
Maths	NTS Tests to identify gaps to be addressed in planning	NTS Tests to identify gaps to be addressed in planning	NTS Tests to identify gaps to be addressed in planning	NTS Tests to identify gaps to be addressed in planning	NTS Tests to identify gaps to be addressed in planning
History				a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – one study chosen from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900; Mayan civilization c. AD 900; Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300.	Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world
Geography		use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map		name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use	

		use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical		patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time	
		features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key			
		use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment			
Music					
PE			Swimming – subject to pool availability under COVID-19 measures.		
Art					
DT	use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes understand where food	use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes understand where food			
Computing	comes from	comes from			
Science		observe changes across	identify that animals,	construct a simple series	describe the differences
Science		observe changes across the four seasons observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies	including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get	electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers	in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird

	nutrition from what they	identify whether or not a	describe the life process
	eat	lamp will light in a simple	of reproduction in some
		series circuit, based on	plants and animals
	identify that humans and	whether or not the lamp	
	some other animals have	is part of a complete loop	
	skeletons and muscles for	with a battery	
	support, protection and		
	movement	recognise that a switch	
		opens and closes a circuit	
		and associate this with	
		whether or not a lamp	
		lights in a simple series	
		circuit	
		recognise some common	
		conductors and	
		insulators, and associate	
		metals with being good	
		conductors	